"Math is Cool" Championships -- 2019-20

Middle School

Mental Math Solutions

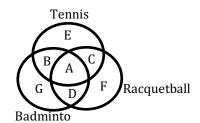
7th/8th	Answer	Solution
1	780	13 x 60 = 780
2	24 [ways]	4! = 4x3x2x1 = 24
3	5 [inches]	95/19 = 5
4	3	1/3 x 1/9 x 54 = 3
5	9 [edges]	3 on each base and 3 lateral edges = 9
6	20 [minutes]	(2/3) x 30 = 20
7	1/4	(3-2)/(8-4) = 1/4
8	2244	(62-40)(62+40)=2244

Individual Test Solutions

7th/8th	Answer	Solution
1	13 [free throws]	1 x 130 = 13
2	92	7 + 17 x 5 = 7 + 85 = 92
3	5 [cups]	$4/x = 16/20 \rightarrow 16x = 80 \rightarrow x = 5$
4	441	21 x 21 = 441
5	[x =] -2	$3x - 7 = 7x + 1 \rightarrow -8 = 4x \rightarrow -2 = x$
6	25 [%]	$1b + 1o + 1o + 1l$ makes a mixture of 4 tablespoons, one of which is balsamic vinegar, so $\frac{1}{4} = 25\%$
7	896694598	325602356 + 571092242 = 896694598
8	[D =] 119	7 x 17 = 119
9	5040	7 x 6 x 5 x 4 x 3 x 2 x 1 = 5040
10	3 [prime factors]	2 ² x 5 x 101, 3 distinct factors
11	8 [in ²]	4x4/2 = 8
12	300 [in ²]	5 x 60 = 300
13	76540 [ft ²]	(7 + 13)7654/2 = (20 x 7654)/2 = 10 x 7654 = 76540
14	5	5 x 5 x 5 = 125

15	90 [°]	Hour hand points at 12 and minute hand points at 3. There are $360/12$ or 30 degrees between each consecutive number. $3 \times 30 = 90$
16	197	$98 = 2 \times 7^2$ and $99 = 3^2 \times 11$, so they are relatively prime $98 + 99 = 197$
17	15 [inches]	$\sqrt{17^2 - 8^2} = \sqrt{289 - 64} = \sqrt{225} = 15$
18	17280	4 x 6 x 8 x 9 x 10 = 17280
19	55	16561 ÷ 131 = 126 r 55
20	187/288 [ft²]	8.5/12 x 11/12 = 93.5/144 = 187/288
21	96	Since 9 is biggest start by writing a list of numbers meeting the first condition: 6, 15, 24. 33, 42, 51, 60, 69, 78, 87, 96, 105, 114, 123, Circling the ones that also meet the 2 nd condition gives 33 and 96. Of these two, only 96 also meets the third condition.
22	2112 [yards per minute]	180 mi/2.5 hr x 1 hr/60 min x 1760 yd/mi = (180 x 1760)/(2.5 x 60) yd/min = (3 x 1760)/2.5 yd/min = 5280/2.5 yd/min = 10560/5 yd/min = 2112 yd/min
23	77 [grams]	$65/100 = 50/x \rightarrow 65x = 5000 \rightarrow 13x = 1000 \rightarrow x = 1000/13 \approx 76.9$
24	[y =] 75	$5 \times 300 = 20y \rightarrow 1500 = 20y \rightarrow 1500/20 = 75 = y$
25	2.4 [feet]	$10^2 - 6^2 = 8^2$, so h = 8 $12^2 - 6^2 = \sqrt{108}^2$ H = $\sqrt{108} = 6\sqrt{3} \approx 6 \times 1.732 \approx 10.392 \approx 10.4$ 10.4 - 8 = 2.4
26	5π/6 [cm] or 5/6 π	C = π d, so C = 10π , so the arc length is $1/12 \times 10\pi = 5\pi/6$
27	6.25 [revs per second]	In 8 minutes it will be cut in half four times 100, 50, 25, 12.5, 6.25
28	-15	7(-3) – 3(-2) = -15
29	1	$2x - 1 = 3 \rightarrow 2x = 4 \rightarrow x = 2$ and $2x - 1 = -3 \rightarrow 2x = -2 \rightarrow x = -1$; so $-1 + 2 = 1$
30	2048π/3 [in³] or 2048/3 π	S = $4\pi r^2$ = $256\pi \rightarrow r^2$ = $64 \rightarrow r$ = 8 V = $4/3\pi r^3$ = $4/3\pi 8^3$ = $4\pi x 512/3$ = $2048\pi/3$

31	1/4	P(Amy gets red on her 1^{st} draw) = $1/16$ P(Amy gets red on her 2^{nd} draw) = $15/16 \times 14/15 \times 13/14 \times 12/13 \times 1/12 = 1/16$ P(Amy gets red on her 3^{rd} draw) = $15/16 \times 14/15 \times 13/14 \times 12/13 \times 11/12 \times 10/11 \times 9/10 \times 8/9 \times 1/8 = 1/16$ P(Amy gets red on her 4^{th} draw) = $15/16 \times 14/15 \times 13/14 \times 12/13 \times 11/12 \times 10/11 \times 9/10 \times 8/9 \times 7/8 \times 6/7 \times 5/6 \times 4/5 \times 1/4 = 1/16$ P(Amy gets red on her 1^{st} , 2^{nd} , 3^{rd} , or 4^{th} draw) = $1/16 + 1/16 + 1/16 + 1/16 = 4/16 = 1/4$			
32	240π [cm³]	$5^2 + r^2 = 13^2 \rightarrow r^2 = 144 \rightarrow r = 12$ $V = \pi r^2 h/3 = 144\pi(5)/3 = 240\pi$			
33	320 [minutes]	$1/16 + 1/x = 1/4 \rightarrow 16x(1/16 + 1/x = 1/4) \rightarrow x + 16 = 4x \rightarrow 16 = 3x \rightarrow x$ = 16/3, 16/3 x 60 = 320			
34	216 [cm ²]	L = 3W, H = 2L, so H = 6W W x 3W x 6W = $18W^3 \rightarrow 18W^3 = 144 \rightarrow W^3 = 8 \rightarrow W = 2$, L = 6, H = 12, so surface area = $2(2)(6) + 2(2)(12) + 2(6)(12) = 24 + 48 + 144 = 216$			
35	512 [ways]	9 squares and two possibilities for each square so 2 ⁹ = 512			
36	$\frac{75\sqrt{3}}{2} [in^2]$	There are 6 equilateral triangles, each with side lengths of 5 inches. The area of one triangle is $5^2(rt3)/4$, so $6 \times 25rt3/4 = 75rt3/2$			
37	329.5 [three-digit base-d numbers]	If d = 3 there are 2 possible values for a, and three possible values each for b and c, so there are 2 x 3 x 3 = 18 possible three-digit base-3 numbers. For base-4 there will be 3 x 4 x 4 = 48 possible three-digit numbers. Base-5: $4 \times 5 \times 5 = 100$ Base-6: $5 \times 6 \times 6 = 180$ Base-7: $6 \times 7 \times 7 = 294$ Base-8: $7 \times 8 \times 8 = 448$ Base-9: $8 \times 9 \times 9 = 648$ Base-10: $9 \times 10 \times 10 = 900$ $(18+48+100+180+294+448+648+900)/8 = 329.5$			
38	36 [units ²]	Divide into 3 triangles and 1 rectangle 3 triangles: 6 x 3/2 = 9, 1 x 4/2 = 2, 2 x 5/2 = 5, 9 + 2 + 5 = 16; 1 rectangle: 4 x 5 = 20; 16 + 20 = 36			



		n								
Α	В	C ¹¹	D	Ε	F	G	Τ	R	В	Tot.
0	0	38	4	0	0	38	38	42	42	80
0							38	42	42	
0	18	20	22	0	0	2	38	42	42	62
0	19	19	23	0	0	0	38	42	42	61
0	20	18	22	0	2	0	38	42	42	62
0							38	42	42	
0	38	0	4	0	38	0	38	42	42	80
0	0	0	42	38	0	0	38	42	42	80
0							38	42	42	
0	18	18	24	2	0	0	38	42	42	62
0	19	19	23	0	0	0	38	42	42	61
0	20	18	22	0	2	0	38	42	42	62
0							38	42	42	
0	38	0	4	0	38	0	38	42	42	80
0	18	20	22	0	0	2	38	42	42	62
0	0	38	4	0	0	38	38	42	42	80

This table shows that 0 is impossible, because the smallest possible total number is 61. The table was generated by first making sure that A+B+C+E=38 and that A+C+D+F=42. Going through all the possibilities that B+C=38 shows that the smallest possible total occurs when B=C (rows 1-7). Similarly, if you start by making sure that B+D=42, the smallest possible total occurs when B=C. So, when checking whether 1 is possible the table can be shorter, just looking for the times when B is as close to C as possible:

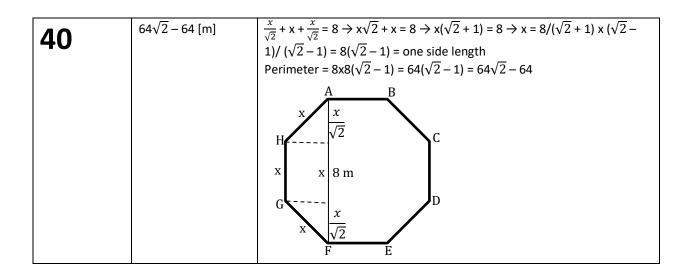
Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Т	R	В	Tot.
1	17	20	21	0	0	3	38	42	42	62
1	18	19	22	0	0	1	38	42	42	61
1	19	18	22	0	1	0	38	42	42	61
1	20	17	21	0	3	0	38	42	42	62
1	17	17	24	3	0	0	38	42	42	62
1	18	18	23	1	0	0	38	42	42	61
1	19	18	22	0	1	0	38	42	42	61
1	20	17	21	0	3	0	38	42	42	62

Again, 61 is the smallest possible total.

When A = 2, a total of 60 is possible when B = C:

Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Т	R	В	Tot.
2	18	18	22	0	0	0	38	42	42	60

So, 2 is the answer.



Multiple Choice Solutions

7th/8th	Answer	Solution
1	D	13 x 13 = 169
2	Е	12 x 12 : 6 x 11 = 144:66 = 24:11
3	В	$\frac{6.9.2}{2} \cdot 10 = 276$
4	A	Let p = side length of the pentagon and h = side length of the heptagon $(ap/2 \times 5)/(ah/2 \times 7) = 55/182 \rightarrow (5.5p/2 \times 5)/(10.4h/2 \times 7) = 55/182 \rightarrow 27.5p/72.8h = 55/182 \rightarrow p/h = (72.8/27.5)(55/182) = (2x72.8/182) = 145.6/182 = 1456/1820 = 728/910 = 364/455 = (91 x 4)/(91 x 5) = 4/5$
5	В	2.5 x 4 = 10
6	E	$\frac{1}{8} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{8} \cdot 2 + \frac{1}{8} \cdot 3 + \frac{1}{8} \cdot 5 + \frac{1}{8} \cdot 3 + \frac{1}{8} \cdot 4 + \frac{1}{8} \cdot 3 + \frac{1}{8} \cdot 2 = \frac{1}{8} + \frac{2}{8} + \frac{3}{8} + \frac{5}{8} + \frac{3}{8} + \frac{4}{8} + \frac{3}{8} + \frac{2}{8} = \frac{23}{8} = 2.875$
7	С	$\frac{\frac{1}{36} \cdot 2 + \frac{2}{36} \cdot 3 + \frac{3}{36} \cdot 4 + \frac{4}{36} \cdot 5 + \frac{5}{36} \cdot 6 + \frac{6}{36} \cdot 7 + \frac{5}{36} \cdot 8 + \frac{4}{36} \cdot 9 + \frac{3}{36} \cdot 10 + \frac{2}{36} \cdot 11 + \frac{1}{36} \cdot 12 = \frac{2}{36} + \frac{6}{36} + \frac{12}{36} + \frac{20}{36} + \frac{30}{36} + \frac{42}{36} + \frac{40}{36} + \frac{36}{36} + \frac{30}{36} + \frac{22}{36} + \frac{12}{36} = \frac{252}{36} = 7$
8	С	4 records were set in September, more than any other month
9	A	(2.7 + 0.4 + 1.4 + 3.7 + 5.4 + 1.0 + 2.5 + 2.04 + 0.39)/9 = 19.53/9 = 2.17

10	D	Current Men's WR holder: 3(60) + 26 = 206 seconds to complete 1500 meters
		6/28/76 Women's WR holder: 3(60) + 56 = 236
		seconds to complete 1500 meters
		236 – 206 = 30 so the slower runner would have to
		continue running for 30 seconds
		Her rate in meters per second would be 1500/236
		m/s so the remaining number of meters to run would
		be 30 x 1500/236 = 30 x 750/118 = 30 x 375/59 =
		11250/59

Team Test Solutions

7th/8th	Answer	Solution
1	10.75 [feet]	129/12 = 10r9 = 10.75
2	276 [students]	72/6 = 12, so the total is 12x12 + 6x12 + 5x12 = 276
3	2/5	There are 15 numbers and 6 of them are even, and 6/15 = 2/5.
4	-9/2	$0 = 2/3x + 3 \Rightarrow -3 = 2/3x \Rightarrow -9/2 = x$
5	7 [cm]	LxW = 98, 1x98, 2x49, 7x14 are the only three factor pairs of 98. The one resulting in a perimeter of 42 is 7x14, since 2x7 + 2x14 = 42, so the answer is 7.
6	25524	3135 + 3136 + 3145 + 3146 + 3235 + 3236 + 3245 + 3246 = 25524
7	2	Since a + b = 100, c = 80. The smallest value of a must be 21 so that b is still less than c. c/a would be 4 if a were 20, so that's not possible. 80 isn't divisible by 3, so it must be 2.
8	3750 [cm ³]	Let L = 2x, W = 3x, H = 5x, then $1550 = 2(6x^2) + 2(10x^2) + 2(15x^2) = 62x^2 \rightarrow x^2 =$ $25 \rightarrow x = 5$ So L = 10, W = 15, H = 25 Volume equals $10 \times 15 \times 25 = 3750$

9	64	The 2 nd smallest number is 50, so the smallest number is 49 and the largest number is 75. Therefore the 2 nd largest number is 74 and the 3 rd largest number is 73. These 5 numbers add up to 321, so their average is 64.2. Try making the median 64 and the 3 rd smallest number 63 and the mean equals the median. 49,50,63,64,73,74,75 The mean and the median of this set = 64 If the median were 65, the total of all the numbers would have to increase by 7 in order for the mean to also be 65, but this is not possible since the only other number that can be increased is the 3 rd smallest number, but it can only be increased by 1.
10	9 [pathways]	ACDB ACEDB ACEB ACDEB ACDB AEDB AEDB AEDB AECDB AECDB AECDEB AECDEB

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Middle School

Relay Solutions

7th/8th	Answer	Solution
P-1	12	.15 x 80 = 12
P-2	144	12 ² = 144
P-3	8	17 x 8 = 136 144 - 136 = 8
P-4	2	2 x 2 x 2 = 8
1-1	2.5	50/20 = 2.5
1-2	10	2.5 x 4 = 10
1-3	50	10,20,30,40,50,60,70,80,90, the median is also the mean
1-4	8	1^2 + 7^2 = 50, so 1 + 7 = 8
2-1	4	8 – 4 = 4
2-2	3	143/4 = 35r3 The remainder is 3.
2-3	28	3 x 47 = 141 13 ² = 169 169 - 141 = 28
2-4	12.25π [cm ²]	$28/4 = 7$ so the diameter of the circle is 7 and the radius is 3.5. $3.5^2\pi = 12.25\pi$

College Bowl Round #1 Solutions

7th/8th	Answer	Solution
1	3750	300 x 12.5 = 3750
2	36π [cm ²]	$\pi(6)^2 = 36\pi$
3	147 [minutes]	7 cups x 3 minutes x 7 days = 147 minutes
4	7740 [seconds]	2 hours x 3600 seconds/hour = 7200 seconds + 9 x 60 = 7740 sec
5	-1/2 or "-1 over 2" or "1 over -2"	Slope formula is $(y_2 - y_1)/(x_2 - x_1)$ (-2 - 4)/(39) = -6/12 = -1/2
6	12 [inches]	The diagonal of a square is n root 2 which means the sides are all 3. $3x4 = 12$ OR $3 + 3 + 3 + 3 = 12$
7	26/51 or "26 out of 51" or "26 over 51"	$\frac{13}{18} \times \frac{12}{17} = \frac{156}{306} = \frac{26}{51}$
8	78	.3 x 260 = 78
9	60	Prime factorization of 24 is $2^3 \times 3^1$; $(2^0 + 2^1 + 2^2 + 2^3)(3^0 + 3^1) = 15*4 = 60 \text{ OR } 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 6 + 8 + 12 + 24 = 60$
10	540 [degrees]	180(n - 2) where n is the number of sides; 180 x 3 = 540 degrees

College Bowl Round #2 Solutions

7th/8th	Answer	Solution
1	5 [socks]	There are 4 colors so the fifth sock will have to match one of them.
2	28.75 [dollars] or "twenty- eight seventy- five"	1.15 x 25 = 28.75
3	-9/5 or "-9 over 5" or "9 over -5"	a/b → -b/a so 5/9 → -9/5
4	24 [inches]	6 + 8 + 10 = 24
5	364 [times]	24/6 = 4 7 x 4 x 13 = 362
6	3 [videos]	1000 x 1.4 = 1400 1400 x 1.4 = 1960 1960 x 1.4 > 2000
7	2 [factors]	221 – 1, 13, 17, 221 850 – 1, 2, 5, 10, 17, 25, 34, 50, 85, 170, 425, 850 common factors – 1, 17
8	24 [ways]	4! = 24
9	32 [cups]	4 C = 1 Qt, 4Qt = 1G, 16 C = 1 G, 32 C = 2G
10	1088	33 ² = 1089 1089 - 1 = 1088

College Bowl Round #3 Solutions

7th/8th	Answer	Solution
1	8	The median is also the mean, which is 8
2	192π [in³]	$r = 4$, $4^2\pi \times 12 = 192\pi$
3	120	5! = 120
4	7 [threes]	$3^6 = 729, 3^7 > 1000$
5	23 [memes]	They will both like 1 (0 x 35 + 1), 36 (1 x 35 + 1), , 736 (21 x 35 + 1), 771 (22 x 35 + 1) 0 through 22 makes 23
6	-7	$x^{2} + 7x - 120 = 0$ (x + 15)(x - 8) = 0 x = -15 and $x = 8-15 + 8 = -7$
7	7/25 or "7 out of 25" or "7 over 25"	Total area of the board = $5^2\pi$ = 25π $4^2\pi - 3^2\pi = 7\pi$ P(inside 4, outside 3) = $7\pi/25\pi$ = $7/25$
8	1131.2	.56 x 2020 = 1131.2
9	27 [diagonals]	n(n-3)/2 9(9-3)/2 = 27
10	120 [penguins]	2 12-hr periods per day 30 x 2 = 60, 60 x 2 = 120

College Bowl Round #4 Solutions

7th/8th	Answer	Solution
1	7	1, 3, 4, 7, 8, 15, 22 The median is 7
2	2.2 [cups]	1/3 = x/6.6 x = 2.2
3	[x =] 7	3x + 2 = 23 3x = 21 x = 7
4	8800	5 x 4 x 440 = 8800
5	2 [cm]	The largest perfect square that 800 is divisible by is 400, so the base would be 400. Then the height would be 2, since 400 x 2 = 800.
6	Friday	$9 \times 5 = 45$ and $2 \times 11 = 22$, so the first whole week takes 67 hours. $110 - 67 = 43$ $43/9 = 4\frac{7}{9}$, so it will be on the fifth day of the week, Friday.
7	127 [billion dollars] or [\$] 127,000,000	1 + 2 + 4 + 8 + 16 + 32 + 64 = 127 billion
8	14	9 x 5 = 45, 9 - 5 = 4, 9 + 5 = 14
9	4	18 x 1/3 x 2/3 = 4
10	12	$276 = 2^2 \times 3 \times 23$ $84 = 2^2 \times 3 \times 7$ $GCF = 2^2 \times 3 = 12$

College Bowl Round #5 Solutions

7th/8th	Answer	Solution
1	10	3600/360 = 10
2	1155	3 x 5 x 7 x 11 = 1155
3	7/13 or "7 over 13" or "7 out of 13"	Half the deck is black, including the eights of spades and clubs, and there are two red eights for $(26+2)/52 = 28/52 = 7/13$
4	21 [in ²]	If the diagonal is 5 rt 2, then the sides are all 5 and the area would be 25, so 25 – 4 = 21
5	40 [%]	D-bound train goes 180 miles in 2hrs. C-bound train goes 120 miles in 2hrs. So they meet after 2 hrs. It will take the C-bound train 300/60 = 5 hrs to make the trip. 2 is 2/5 of 5 or 40%.
6	693	$53^2 - 46^2 = (53 + 46)(53 - 46) = 99 \times 7 = 693$
7	September	3/13 date 1 The 100 th date will be 2(99) = 198 days later 3/14 - 3/31 = 18 days April = 30 days May = 31 days June = 30 days July = 31 days August = 31 days 18 + 30 + 31 + 30 + 31 + 31 = 170, 198 - 170 = 28 and September has more than 28 days, so the answer is September.
8	5 [centuries]	20 ³ = 8000 8000/16 = 500 = 5 centuries
9	[\$] 46000	81000 – 35000 = 46000
10	567 [followers]	7, 21, 63, 189, 567 (x3 each time)

College Bowl Round #6 Solutions

7th/8th	Answer	Solution
1	42 [faces]	7 x 6 = 42
2	[\$] 159	265 x 3 = 795 795/5 = 159
3	5/36 or "5 out of 36" or "5 over 36"	(2, 6), (3, 5), (4, 4), (5, 3), (6, 2) = 5 ways out of 36 total
4	12 [miles]	63360/5280 = 12
5	84 [square inches]	$7^2 + 24^2 = 25^2$ so it's a right triangle 7 x 24/2 = 84
6	1/15 or "1 out of 15" or "1 over 15"	.6 x 30 = 18, 12 left 2/3 of 12 = 8, 4 left 4 - 2 = 2 left 2/30 = 1/15
7	3645 [iPhones]	5000 x .9 = 4500 4500 x .9 = 4050 4050 x .9 = 3645
8	9 [numbers]	209 = 11 x 19 297 = 11 x 27 27 – 18 = 9 multiples of 11
9	71	8 + 7 x 9 = 71
10	[x =] [0].15	2x/3 + 1/5 = 3/10 20x + 6 = 9 20x = 3 x = 3/20 = 0.15

College Bowl Round (Extra) Solutions

7th/8th	Answer	Solution
1	9 [days]	14 chapters in 2 days = 7 chapters per day 77/7 = 11 days total 11 - 2 = 9 days to go
2	[\$] 4.50 or "four fifty" or "four dollars and fifty cents"	5 x 1.2 = 6 6 x .75 = 4.50
3	39	1+2+3+6+9+18=39
4	200 [in ²]	10 x 40/2 = 200
5	7/150 or "7 out of 150" or "7 over 150"	97500/325 = 300 = total number of pages 21 x 14 = 294 so there are 14 page numbers that are multiples of 21. The answer is 14/300 = 7/150
6	20 [feet]	$20^2 + 21^2 = 29^2$ so the answer is 20.